



INTRODUCTION TO AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION EASEMENTS

Protecting the farms that feed your family

California Farmland Trust is an experienced nonprofit organization on a mission to help farmers protect the best farmland in the world. Each day, we are committed to helping California farmers ensure their farms will be farms, forever. If you are a California farmer interested in protecting your property, continue reading to learn how we can help.

The mechanism we use to protect farms is called an Agricultural Conservation Easement (ACE) and is an effective way to ensure your farm forever remains a farm. When an easement is enacted, the landowner essentially either sells or donates the developmental rights of the land to California Farmland Trust. The result is a property that cannot be developed, and must always be used for agriculture. Putting an easement on a property is entirely voluntary, but once one is in place it is permanent.

No two agricultural conservation easements are the same. Each is tailored to the desires of the landowner, the interests of the land trust, and the unique characteristics of the land. The landowner retains ownership and use of property and we not involved in daily operations of your farm.

The benefits a conservation easement can provide include:

- The peace of mind that comes with knowing your family farm will remain a farm, forever.
- A way to keep the family farm intact through inheritances or other ownership changes.
- An infusion of cash for farming operations, debt reduction, or other uses
- A potential reduction in property and estate taxes



More information about our history, what we do, and past easement projects can be found using our website.

Use the QR code above, or check out cafarmtrust.org



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

How is an easement valued?

Because an easement removes the right to develop farmland, the landowner can be compensated for the resulting reduction in the property value. The reduction in property value widely varies, based on the property type and location. A hypothetical example is:

Fair Market Value of Land Before Easement:	\$25,000/acre
Fair Market Value of Land After Easement:	- \$20,000/acre
Easement Value	= \$5,000/acre

In this hypothetical example, the reduction in property value would be \$5,000 per acre, or a total of \$500,000 for a 100-acre property. California Farmland Trust requests five percent of this amount be donated to help monitor and steward the easement forever (this donation may be tax deductible), while the landowner receives the remainder. Please note, there may be associated tax implications, so we recommend consulting a tax professional. In addition, the landowner will incur some transactional costs during the easement process.

In some circumstances, there can also be property and estate tax benefits to placing an easement on your property. We recommend consulting a tax professional to determine whether you are eligible for any easement-related tax benefits.

Who owns the property once an easement is in place?

The original landowner, you, retain ownership of your property when an easement is placed on the land. The California Farmland Trust does not own any agricultural property.

What are my obligations once an easement is placed on my property?

Once a year, a knowledgeable staff member from California Farmland Trust will visit your property to ensure the terms of the easement are being followed. Based on the easement terms, you may be required to notify or get approval from the California Farmland Trust for certain construction projects.

Can I build a house, dig a well, pave a road, build a shed, place solar panels, or put up a fence if I have an easement?

Possibly. Agricultural Conservation Easements do place some restrictions on construction; however, every easement is different. The details of each easement are decided in discussions between the landowner and California Farmland Trust. Generally speaking, construction that enables, not restricts, agricultural operations is allowed.

Is my property eligible for an easement?

Our team would be happy to discuss whether your farmland is appropriate for an easement. Because our mission is to help farmers protect the best farmland in the world, we focus our efforts to place easements on farms that are on prime soils, have a reliable water source, and can be reasonably expected to be impacted by development in the future.

Can I sell or otherwise transfer my property if I put an easement on it?

Properties with easements on them can be sold or passed to family members. The easement will remain with the property, thus the new owner must keep the property in agricultural use.

What can I grow with an easement?

With an easement in place, you can still grow whatever agricultural crop you want, within the already existing capabilities of the property. California Farmland Trust does not get involved in the day to day operations of our farms and will not restrict a farmer's choice to grow or convert to or from row crops, orchards, and vineyards.

How long does it take to enact an easement?

Typically, it takes between one and two years to put an easement on a property. If the easement is being donated rather than purchased, that process will be faster. This is a long process and we advise landowners to retain independent legal counsel and tax professionals to assist them.

Where can I find more information on easements?

Visit our website using the QR code (cafarmtrust.org) or call our office at (916) 687-3178 to see if a conservation easement is right for you.

@cafarmtrust

